## KGSnap!: query Knowledge Graphs by Snap!

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**Abstract.** As the block programming paradigm has been successfully used to teach programming skills, this demo proposes KGSnap!, an extension of the block-based programming environment Snap!, which allows lay users to build and run queries on a SPARQL endpoint. The proposed approach has the potential to enable lay users to access knowledge graphs without requiring technical skills in query languages.

**Keywords:** SPARQL · Block-based programming · Snap!

## 1 Introduction & Related Work

The Semantic Web technologies are increasingly used to model any field of interest, increasing the quantity and diversity of available data modeled by Knowledge Graphs (KGs). However, its potential risks to be left untapped due to the SPARQL complexity [6]. Lay users interested in consuming KGs require tools to mitigate the technical challenges SPARQL poses.

Block programming languages that guide users in dragging and connecting fragments shaped like jigsaw puzzle pieces have successfully introduced programming to non-experts [3]. Just think the vast exploitation of Blockly<sup>1</sup> as part of code.org's Hour of Code, Scratch [4] to create animations and games and MIT App Inventor [8] to build Android Apps. The proposal of letting lay users query data by block-based programming is not new. SQhelper [2], DBlearn [7], and DBSnap++ [5] are block-based programming interfaces to query databases. In the Semantic Web community, Bottoni and Ceriani [1] proposed SPARQL Playground, introducing KGs querying in Blockly. This demo proposes KGSnap!, an extension of Snap! to query KGs that expose SPARQL endpoints.

## 2 KGSnap!: query Knowledge Graphs by Snap!

Snap!<sup>2</sup> (formerly Build Your Own Blocks) is a free, open-source, block-based educational graphical programming language and online community allowing learners to explore, create, and remix interactive animations, games, and stories while learning about mathematical and computational ideas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Blockly, https://developers.google.com/blockly

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Snap! https://snap.berkeley.edu

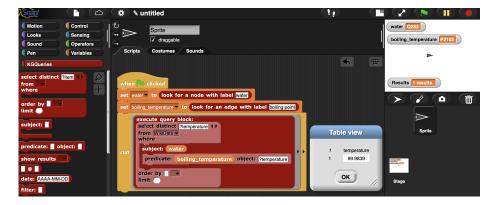
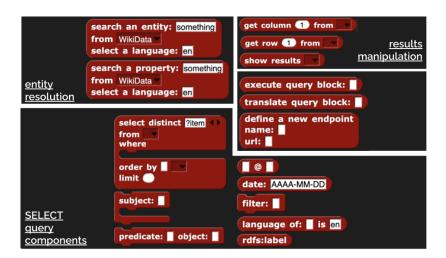


Fig. 1. KGSnap! interface.

KGSnap! (visible in Fig. 1, freely accessible online<sup>3</sup> and available on GitHub with an Open Source license<sup>4</sup>) extends the Snap! architecture by introducing the possibility to perform SELECT queries on KGs provided with a working SPARQL endpoint. By default, KGSnap! is configured to query Wikidata. However, users can easily introduce any SPARQL endpoint of interest by a dedicated block, define a new endpoint, shown in Fig. 2 among others. KGSnap! mimics the structure of SPARQL queries to follow the philosophy of block programming to guide learners to experiment gradually with the underlying language and, in the end, to be able to switch to programming in that language. Hence, SPARQL



 ${\bf Fig.~2.~Blocks~implemented~in~KGSnap!}.$ 

 $<sup>^3{</sup>m KGSnap!}$ : https://isislab-unisa.github.io/Snap/snap.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>KGSnap! https://github.com/isislab-unisa/KnowledgeGraphsAndSnap

queries are formulated by specifying triples (subject, predicate, object). The complete set of supported features is visible in Fig. 2 and concerns entity resolution from user-defined labels, components to assemble SELECT queries cov-

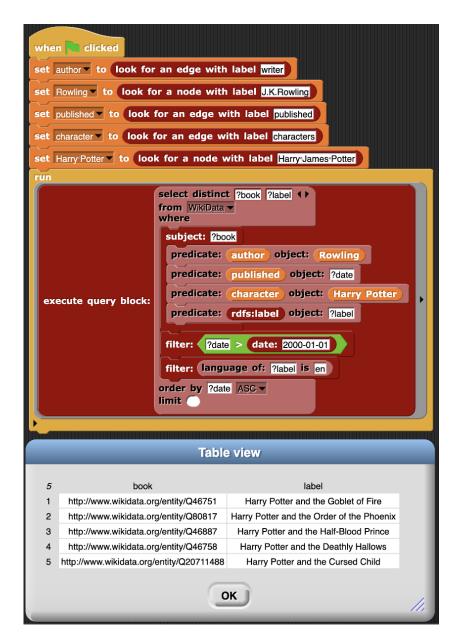


Fig. 3. Use case of KGSnap!. We query Wikidata to retrieve books authored by J.K.Rowling with Harry Potter as character.

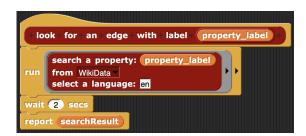


Fig. 4. Entity resolution performed by KGSnap! to solve user-defined labels.

ering Basic Graph Patterns, such as path traversal, filters, sorting, and other supporting features to manipulate results and introducing new endpoints. Once the SPARQL query is completed, users can visualize them as data tables and store specific results in variables to refine queries iteratively. Query results can be downloaded as JSON or CSV files, while the query as a TXT file.

Demonstration. During the demo, we will show KGSnap! in practice. Supposing we are interested in retrieving all the books authored by J.K. Rowling, having Harry Potter as a character and published in this century. The resulting query is visible in Fig. 3, which relies on the definitions of custom functions, wrapping blocks for performing entity resolution visible in Fig. 4.

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